The Economics of Tobacco and Tobacco Taxation in Poland
Christina Czart Ciecierski, Rajeev Cherukupalli and Marzena A Weresa

Errata in English Web Version

1. Page 33: Replace Graph 6.1 with the following graph.

![Revised Graph 6.1: Affordability of Cigarettes in Poland: number of cigarette packs afforded by monthly per capita GDP, 1999-2007](image)

**Note:** GDP per capita in current PLN constructed from GDP per capita in US$ and year-specific PLN-US$ exchange rates obtained from the World Bank World Development Indicators database

**Explanation:**

Graph 6.1 as printed in the report was constructed by dividing monthly per-household disposable income in current prices by current year-specific prices for three brands of cigarettes obtained from industry sources.

The corrected graph uses monthly per capita GDP instead of per-household disposable income. This was done to align Graph 6.1 with other analyses in the literature.

The trends are largely the same and suggest income growth outpaced cigarette price growth. For example, the revised graph suggests that the average resident of Poland could afford 584 Mocne cigarette packs a month in 2007, up from 430 packs in 1999.

2. Page 37, 2nd column, 2nd paragraph, 2nd sentence: Replace

“this scenario predicts that imposing a 7.09 PLN specific tax will increase price by 14%...”

with

“this scenario predicts that a 3.81 PLN specific tax per pack will increase price by 14%...”

**Explanation:**

Specific tax is raised to 3.81 PLN in Scenario 1; 7.09 PLN is the excise tax (specific of 3.81 + ad valorem of 31.41% of price) corresponding to the new price of 10.43 PLN.